Attackers benefit from sharing information How can you benefit, too?



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How attackers regularly infect Internet users?



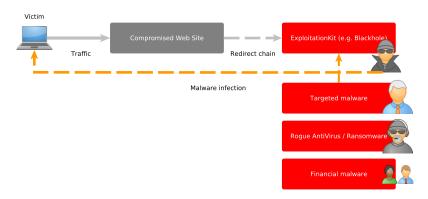
- Abuse vulnerable software (e.g. Web Browsers, plugins, ...)
- Find compromised webservers and install infective payload

What happen behind the scene?



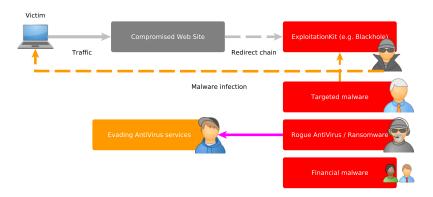
- Attackers industrialize exploitation with exploitation kit (e.g. Blackhole kit)
- Hide their back-office server in a mess of redirect links
- Communicate between the exploitation kit operators and the exploit developers

Targeting users and reselling services



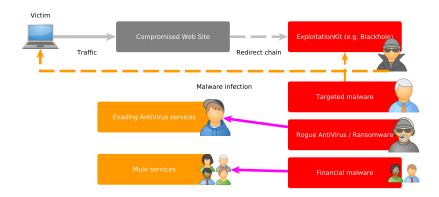
- Attackers get a huge set of (potential) victims classified by country, type, language, operating system...
- They provide services to other customers (e.g. financially attracted attackers, governments, spammers,...)

Is the freshly pushed malware detected?



 While new markets emerge, there emerge new services, also for attackers

Getting the money out



 Cash-out is a key element for attackers to get the money out and drop the risks on the mules

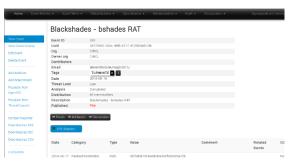
Defense and sharing



- Victims or user detecting threats who share can help others to detect/mitigate the threats
- Legal framework, confidentiality can be limiting factors for sharing

Malware Information Sharing Platform (MISP)

- A platform for sharing, storing and correlating Indicators of Compromises (IOCs) of attacks
- Private organizations in Luxembourg or accredited CERTs can request access to their respective MISP platform



Conclusion

- Attackers are often ahead, sharing and communication plays an important role for their success
- If you share threat intel and indicators, you can:
 - Avoid duplicate analysis work and concentrate on the unknown elements of an attack
 - Automate detection in your infrastructure and reduce the incident response time
- Do you want to share IOCs? Help others and benefit? \rightarrow info@circl.lu
- PGP Key: CA57 2205 C002 4E06 BA70 BE89 EAAD CFFC 22BD 4CD5